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BEFORE THE BOARD OF PODIATRIC MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Investigation Against:

PARVIZ SERVATJOO, DPM
7217 Canby Avenue
Reseda, CA 91335

Doctor of Podiatric Medicine No. E-3494,

Respondent.

Case No. 1B-2007-181509

A C C U S A T I O N

Complainant alleges:

PARTIES

- 1. James Rathlesberger (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Podiatric Medicine, Department of Consumer Affairs.
- 2. On or about December 28, 1987, the Board of Podiatric Medicine issued Doctor of Podiatric Medicine Number E-3494 to Parviz Servatjoo, DPM (Respondent). Respondent's license expired August 31, 2007, and has been in delinquent status since that time.

<u>JURISDICTION</u>

3. This Accusation is brought before the Board of Podiatric Medicine (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

4. Section 2497 of the Code states:

- "(a) The board may order the denial of an application for, or the suspension of, or the revocation of, or the imposition of probationary conditions upon, a certificate to practice podiatric medicine for any of the causes set forth in Article 12 (commencing with Section 2220) in accordance with Section 2222.
- (b) The board may hear all matters, including but not limited to, any contested case or may assign any such matters to an administrative law judge. The proceedings shall be held in accordance with Section 2230. If a contested case is heard by the board itself, the administrative law judge who presided at the hearing shall be present during the board's consideration of the case and shall assist and advise the board."

5. Section 2474 of the Code states:

"Any person who uses in any sign or in any advertisement or otherwise, the word or words "doctor of podiatric medicine," "doctor of podiatry," "podiatric doctor," "D.P.M.," "podiatrist," "foot specialist," or any other term or terms or any letters indicating or implying that he or she is a doctor of podiatric medicine, or that he or she practices podiatric medicine, or holds himself out as practicing podiatric medicine or foot correction as defined in Section 2472, without having at the time of so doing a valid, unrevoked, and unsuspended certificate as provided for in this chapter, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

6. Section 2052 of the Code states:

"(a) Notwithstanding Section 146, any person who practices or attempts to practice, or who advertises or holds himself or herself out as practicing, any system or mode of treating the sick or afflicted in this state, or who diagnoses, treats, operates for, or prescribes for any ailment, blemish, deformity, disease, disfigurement, disorder, injury, or other physical or mental condition of any person, without having at the time of so doing a valid, unrevoked, or unsuspended certificate as provided in this chapter or without being authorized to perform the act pursuant to a certificate obtained in accordance with some other provision of law is guilty of a public offense, punishable by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), by imprisonment in the state prison, by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by both the fine and either

imprisonment.

- (b) Any person who conspires with or aids or abets another to commit any act described in subdivision (a) is guilty of a public offense, subject to the punishment described in that subdivision.
- (c) The remedy provided in this section shall not preclude any other remedy provided by law."

7. Section 2234 of the Code states:

"The Division of Medical Quality shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate any provision of this chapter.
 - (b) Gross negligence.
- (c) Repeated negligent acts. To be repeated, there must be two or more negligent acts or omissions. An initial negligent act or omission followed by a separate and distinct departure from the applicable standard of care shall constitute repeated negligent acts.
- (1) An initial negligent diagnosis followed by an act or omission medically appropriate for that negligent diagnosis of the patient shall constitute a single negligent act.
- (2) When the standard of care requires a change in the diagnosis, act, or omission that constitutes the negligent act described in paragraph (1), including, but not limited to, a reevaluation of the diagnosis or a change in treatment, and the licensee's conduct departs from the applicable standard of care, each departure constitutes a separate and distinct breach of the standard of care.
 - (d) Incompetence.
- (e) The commission of any act involving dishonesty or corruption which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician and surgeon.
 - (f) Any action or conduct which would have warranted the denial of a certificate.
 - (g) The practice of medicine from this state into another state or country without meeting

the legal requirements of that state or country for the practice of medicine. Section 2314 shall not apply to this subdivision. This subdivision shall become operative upon the implementation of the proposed registration program described in Section 2052.5."

8. Section 820 of the Code states:

"Whenever it appears that any person holding a license, certificate or permit under this division or under any initiative act referred to in this division may be unable to practice his or her profession safely because the licentiate's ability to practice is impaired due to mental illness, or physical illness affecting competency, the licensing agency may order the licentiate to be examined by one or more physicians and surgeons or psychologists designated by the agency. The report of the examiners shall be made available to the licentiate and may be received as direct evidence in proceedings conducted pursuant to Section 822."

9. Section 822 of the Code states:

"If a licensing agency determines that its licentiate's ability to practice his or her profession safely is impaired because the licentiate is mentally ill, or physically ill affecting competency, the licensing agency may take action by any one of the following methods:

- (a) Revoking the licentiate's certificate or license.
- (b) Suspending the licentiate's right to practice.
- (c) Placing the licentiate on probation.
- (d) Taking such other action in relation to the licentiate as the licensing agency in its discretion deems proper.

The licensing agency shall not reinstate a revoked or suspended certificate or license until it has received competent evidence of the absence or control of the condition which caused its action and until it is satisfied that with due regard for the public health and safety the person's right to practice his or her profession may be safely reinstated."

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Practicing Without A Valid License)

10. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under sections 2474, 2052, and 2234 (f), in that he practiced podiatric medicine while his license was delinquent for non

28 | payment of fees. The circumstances are as follows:

- 11. The Department of Consumer Affairs (DCA) received Respondent's renewal application for fees for the period of 9/01/05 through 8/31/07. The application included Respondent's personal check dated 8/25/05 for the fees in the amount of nine hundred dollars (\$900.00). The Board of Podiatric Medicine (Board) was notified the check was returned due to insufficient funds. On September 19, 2005, the check was returned to Respondent with a request for payment. The payment request also stated that if a license had been received it was considered invalid until all fees were paid. The letter further stated that if payment was not received his license would be "... delinquent effective October 1, 2005." (bold in original) The Board did not receive payment from Respondent.
- 12. Approximately one year later, on October 2, 2006, the Board sent another letter to Respondent requesting payment. This letter stated his license was now delinquent, and the Board would no longer accept a personal check for the renewal. The letter itemized the additional fees now due, and also stated that "Practicing without a valid license is a misdemeanor punishable by law."
- 13. Seventeen months after Respondent's renewal was due, on February 7, 2007, the Board finally received payment. During those seventeen months (17) Respondent denied practicing podiatric medicine.
- 14. On or about February 13, 2007, during a conversation with the Board's Enforcement Coordinator, Respondent admitted performing surgeries and treating patients while his license was delinquent and invalid, as a result of his failure to pay his fees. On or about June 13, 2007, during an interview with Medical Board Investigators, Respondent admitted practicing during 2005 and 2006, when his license was delinquent, and invalid, as a result of his failure to pay his fees.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Mentally Impaired)

12. By reason of the matters alleged in Paragraphs 10 through 14 which are incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein, in addition to other facts as set forth below,

Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 820 and 822 of the Code in that his ability to practice was impaired due to mental illness affecting competency. The circumstances are as follows:

- 13. On or about February 13, 2007, during a conversation with the Board's Enforcement Coordinator, Respondent mentioned having an accident which made it difficult for him to practice. Respondent was crying during this conversation, and became so distraught that the Coordinator became quite concerned. As a consequence of Respondent's behavior during this conversation the Coordinator believed that Respondent's physical and mental ability to safely practice was possibly impaired. As a result an investigation was opened.
- 14. On or about June 13, 2007, during the investigative interview with Medical Board Investigators, the Investigators asked Respondent if he would voluntarily undergo a physical and medical examination. On or about July 2, 2007, he agreed to do so.
- 15. On or about August 20, 2007, Lester M. Zackler, M.D., a licensed psychiatrist conducted a psychiatric examination of Respondent. In Dr. Zackler's report dated November 18, 2007, Dr. Zackler stated that Respondent had major depression, generalized anxiety, and somatoform disorder. Dr. Zackler opined Respondent was incapacitated by Depressive Disorder and did not have the capacity to safely practice podiatric medicine.

DISCIPLINE CONSIDERATIONS

Respondent, Complainant alleges that on or about March 18, 1999, Respondent was charged in a prior disciplinary action entitled In the Matter of the Accusation Against Parviz Servatjoo, DPM before the Board of Podiatric Medicine, in Case Number 1B-1996-61489, with gross negligence, repeated negligence, and incompetence. The case involved two patients. As a result of a stipulated settlement Respondent's license was revoked, the revocation was suspended, and Respondent was placed on three years probation. That decision is now final and is incorporated by reference as if fully set forth.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein

alleged, and that following the hearing, the Board of Podiatric Medicine issue a decision: Revoking or suspending Doctor of Podiatric Medicine Number E-3494, 1. issued to Parviz Servatjoo, DPM Parviz Servatjoo, DPM. Ordering Parviz Servatjoo, DPM to pay the Board of Podiatric Medicine 2. the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of this case, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 2497.5; Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper. 3. DATED: <u>May 22, 2008</u> ESBERGER of Podiatric Medicine Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant LA2007500722